TNT-856 06-20/6

2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

BLANCO COUNTY - County General Fund

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17). ¹	\$1,786,552,487
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, Cities and Junior College Districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other units enter "0" If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$339,573,666
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	\$1,446,978,821
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.397000/\$100
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value. A. Original 2019 ARB values: \$55,843,880	
	B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions: - \$44,189,720	
	C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$11,654,160
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.	
	A. 2019 ARB certified value: \$0	
	B. 2019 dispuated value: - \$0	
	C. 2019 undisputed value. Subtract B from A.4	\$0
7.	2019 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add line 5 and line 6.	\$11,654,160
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered	
	adjustments.	\$1,458,632,981

¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after January 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	\$0
10.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value: \$2,271,450 B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value: +\$5,808,676 C. Value loss. Add A and B.6	\$8,080,126
11.		φ0,000,120
	C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁷	\$684,335
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$8,764,461
13.	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract line 12 from line 8.	\$1,449,868,520
14.	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply line 4 by line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$5,755,978
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code § 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code § 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019.	\$5,891
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter "0".9	\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add lines 14 and 15, subtract line 16. ¹⁰	\$5,761,869

⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15) 7 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)

⁸ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

⁹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

¹⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified apprais value includes only certified values or certified estimate of the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (w	of values and includes ill deduct in line 20).	
	These homesteads includes homeowners age 65 or olde		
	A. Certified values:	\$1,963,018,696	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	+ \$0	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	- \$0	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in line 23 below. 12	- \$0	
	E. Total 2020 value. Add A and B, then subtract C	- 20	
	and D.		\$1,963,018,696
19.	Total value of properties under protest or not include appraisal roll. 13 A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value. 14 B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included at appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value of property not on the certified roll. 15	\$0 \$0 + \$0	

11 Tex. Tax Code § 26.12, 26.04(c-2)

12 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

13 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)

14 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) 15 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (concluded)

19. (cont.)	C. Total value under protest or not certified. Add A and B.	\$0
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter "0". If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. 16	\$376,270,563
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add lines 18E and 19C. Subtract line 20. ¹⁷	\$1,586,748,133
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after January 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. 18	\$0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020. 19	\$72,919,341
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23.	\$72,919,341
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract line 24 from line 21.	\$1,513,828,792
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide line 17 by line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$0.3806/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$0.3806/\$100

¹⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)

¹⁷ Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B 17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6) 18 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17) 19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)

²⁰ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

²¹ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. **Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate:** The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- Debt Rate: The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.	\$0.366000/\$10
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,458,632,98
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply line 28 by line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$5,338,59
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O taxes. Add line 31E to line 30. A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent. B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. C. 2019 taxes in TIF.: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2019 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0.	

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

31. (cont.)	D. 2019 transferred function.: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in E below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in E below. Other taxing units enter 0. E. 2019 M&O levy adjustments.: Add A and B, then subtract C. For taxing unit with D, subtract if	
	discontinuing function and add if receiving function. \$881,883	\$6,220,479
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,513,828,792
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate. (unadjusted) Divide line 31 by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.4109/\$100
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. ²³ Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0. A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2019 criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. \$42,345 C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	
	multiply by \$100. \$-0.0021/\$100	\$-0.0021/\$100

^{22 [}Reserved for expansion] 23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

Rate adjustment for indigent health care expend rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	itures. ²⁴ Enter the	
rate calculated in C. If not applicable, effect o.		
 A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less 	\$74,995	
	\$64 792	
C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.0005/\$100	\$0.0005/\$100
the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0. A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent	spensation. 25 Enter \$22,073	
 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and 	\$25,893 \$-0.0002/\$100 \$0/\$100	\$-0.0002/\$100
	the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense con the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0. A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. B. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. 8. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. \$25 \text{ Enter}\$ the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0. A. 2020 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. 8. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. 8. 2019 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and

24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

of C and D, if ap A. 2020 eligible Enter the amo municipality to county hospita	nt for county hospital expenditures. 20 pplicable. If not applicable, enter 0. county hospital expenditures. but paid by the county or a maintain and operate an eligible all for the period beginning on July 1, ing on June 30, 2020	⁵ Enter the lessor	
Enter the amo municipality to county hospita 2018 and end C. Subtract B fro multiply by \$1	0.08 and divide by line 32 and	\$0 \$0/\$100 \$0/\$100	\$0/\$100
38. Adjusted 2020 N Add lines 33, 34,			\$0.4092/\$100
scenario below. Special Taxin a special taxin Other Taxing qualify as a sp 1.035 Taxing unit at the taxing unit disaster area, person calculat calculate in the taxing unit. Th calculate the v until the earlie taxable value exceeds the tc which the disa year after the occurred. If the	g Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as g unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08. Unit. If the taxing unit does not the taxing unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08. Unit. If the taxing unit does not the taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by Iffected by disaster declaration. If the is located in an area declared as the governing body may direct the string the voter-approval rate to be manner provided for a special etaxing unit shall continue to the roter-approval rate in this manner of a 1) the second year in which total on the certified appraisal roll total taxable value of the tax year in the inster occurred, and 2) the third tax tax year in which the disaster the taxing unit qualifies under this iply line 38 by 1.08. 27	d by the appropriate	\$0.4419/\$100

26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443 27 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c-1)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (concluded)

40.	revenue. Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. A: Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments.	
	Enter debt amount. \$973,924 B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to	
	reduce total debt\$0	
	C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)\$0	
	D: Subtract amount paid from other resources\$0	
	E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.	\$973,924
41	Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the	
	collector. ²⁸	\$0
42.	Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract line 41 from line 40E.	\$973,924
43.	2020 anticipated collection rate. If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C or D, enter the lowest rate from B, C or D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. ²⁹	
	A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified	
	by the collector. ³⁰ 99%	
	B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 99%	
	C. Enter the 2018 actual collection rate. 99%	
	D. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate. 99%	99.000000%
44.	2020 debt adjusted for collections. Divide line 42 by line 43.	\$983,761
45.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount on line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,586,748,133
46.	2020 debt rate. Divide line 44 by line 45 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.0619/\$100
47.	2020 voter-approval tax rate. Add lines 39 and 46.	\$0.5038/\$100
48.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$0.5038/\$100

28 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 16.04(b) 29 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h),(h-1) and (h-2) 30 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)

NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue. This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

49.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	\$0
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. ³³	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate (.01, .005, or .0025, as applicable) and multiply the result by .95. ³⁴	
	-OR-	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$935,111
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,586,748,133
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide line 50 by line 51 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.0589/\$100
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. Senter the rate from line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.</i>	\$0.3806/\$100
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Subtract line 52 from line 53. Skip to line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$0.3806/\$100
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from line 47 or 48, as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.</i>	\$0.5038/\$100
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract line 52 from line 55.	\$0.4449/\$100

^{31 [}Reserved for expansion]

³² Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³³ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)

³⁴ Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

³⁵ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

³⁶ Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$0
58.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,586,748,133
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 57 by line 58 and multiply by 100.	\$0/\$100
60.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): line 47, line 48 (counties) or line 56 (units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.4449/\$100

37 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d) 38 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴²

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. 43

66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from line 38 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.4092/\$100
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,586,748,133
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by line 67 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.0315/\$100
69.	2020 debt rate. Enter the rate from line 46 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.0619/\$100
70.	De minimis rate. Add lines 66,68, and 69.	\$0.5026/\$100

⁴² Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a) 43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 NNR tax rate from: line 26, line 27 (counties), or line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).

\$0.3806/\$100

Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate from: line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (adjusted for sales tax), line 60 (adjusted for pollution control), or line 65 (adjusted for unused increment).

\$0.4449/\$100

De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.

\$0.5026/\$100

Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. ⁴⁴

Print Here

Candice Fry, Chief Appraiser, Blanco CAD

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Sign Here

Sandice Fry

Taxing Unit Representative

Date

08/05/2020

44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

2020 Notice of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax Increase/Decrease

Entity Name: BLANCO COUNTY Date: 07/24/2020

	County General Fund
1. 2019 taxable value, adjusted for court-ordered reductions.	
Enter line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,458,632,981
2.2019 total tax rate.	
Enter line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.397000
3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019.	
Enter line 15 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$5,891
4. Last year's levy.	
Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100.	
To the result, add Line 3.	\$5,796,664
5. 2020 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of	
the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$1,586,748,133
6. 2020 no-new tax rate.	
Enter line 26 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet or Line 54	
of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.380600
7. 2020 taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted.	
Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	\$6,039,163
8.Last year's total levy.	
Sum of line 4 for all funds.	\$5,796,664
9. 2020 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax rate is adopted.	
Sum of line 7 for all funds.	\$6,039,163
10.Tax Increase (Decrease).	
Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.	\$242,499

BLANCO COUNTY Tax Rate Recap for 2020 Tax Rates

Description of Rate	Tax Rate Per \$100	Tax Levy This is calculated using the Total Adjusted Taxable Value (line 25) of the No-New- Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Additional Tax Levy Compared to <u>last year's tax levy</u> of 5,744,506	Additional Tax Levy Compared to no-new-revenue tax rate levy of 5,761,632
Last Year's Tax Rate	0.397000	\$6,009,900	\$265,394	\$248,268
No-New-Revenue Tax Rate	0.380600	\$5,761,632	\$17,126	\$0
Notice & Hearing Limit*	0.380600	\$5,761,632	\$17,126	\$0
Voter-Approval Tax Rate	0.444900	\$6,735,024	\$990,518	\$973,392
Proposed Tax Rate	0.000000	\$0	\$-5,744,506	\$-5,761,632

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Increase to General Fund in Cents per \$100

0.00	0.380600	5,761,632	17,126	0
0.50	0.385600	5,837,324	92,818	75,691
1.00	0.390600	5,913,015	168,509	151,383
1.50	0.395600	5,988,707	244,201	227,074
2.00	0.400600	6,064,398	319,892	302,766
2.50	0.405600	6,140,090	395,584	378,457
3.00	0.410600	6,215,781	471,275	454,149
3.50	0.415600	6,291,472	546,967	529,840
4.00	0.420600	6,367,164	622,658	605,532
4.50	0.425600	6,442,855	698,349	681,223
5.00	0.430600	6,518,547	774,041	756,914
5.50	0.435600	6,594,238	849,732	832,606
5.00	0.440600	6,669,930	925,424	908,297
5.50	0.445600	6,745,621	1,001,115	983,989
7.00	0.450600	6,821,313	1,076,807	1,059,680
7.50	0.455600	6,897,004	1,152,498	1,135,372
8.00	0.460600	6,972,695	1,228,189	1,211,063
8.50	0.465600	7,048,387	1,303,881	1,286,754
9.00	0.470600	7,124,078	1,379,572	1,362,446
9.50	0.475600	7,199,770	1,455,264	1,438,137
10.00	0.480600	7,275,461	1,530,955	1,513,829
10.50	0.485600	7,351,153	1,606,647	1,589,520
11.00	0.490600	7,426,844	1,682,338	1,665,212
11.50	0.495600	7,502,535	1,758,030	1,740,903
12.00	0.500600	7,578,227	1,833,721	1,816,595
12.50	0.505600	7,653,918	1,909,412	1,892,286
13.00	0.510600	7,729,610	1,985,104	1,967,977
13.50	0.515600	7,805,301	2,060,795	2,043,669
14.00	0.520600	7,880,993	2,136,487	2,119,360
14.50	0.525600	7,956,684	2,212,178	2,195,052

^{• *}Notice & Hearing Limit Rate: This is the highest tax rate that may be adopted without notices and a public hearing. It is the lower of the voter-approval tax rate or the no-new-revenue tax rate.

Tax Levy:

This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 25 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, such as the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the appropriate rate, dividing by 100 and then adding this year's frozen tax levy on homesteads of the elderly.

Additional Levy Last Year:

This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value (line 3 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by Last Year's tax rate (line 4 of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet) and dividing by 100.

For School Districts: This is calculated by taking Last Year's taxable value, subtracting Last Year's taxable value for the elderly, multiplying by Last Year's tax rate, dividing by 100 and adding Last Year's tax ceiling.

Additional Levy This Year:

This is calculated by taking the current adjusted taxable value, multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate and dividing by 100.

For School Districts: This is calculated by taking the adjusted taxable value (line 34 of the Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet), multiplying by the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate, dividing by 100 and adding This Year's tax ceiling.

COUNTIES ONLY:

All figures in this worksheet include ALL County Funds. Tax Levy amounts are the sum of each Fund's Taxable Value X each Fund's Tax Rate.

2020 Property Tax Rates in BLANCO COUNTY

This notice concerns 2020 property tax rates for BLANCO COUNTY. It presents information about three tax rates. Last year's tax rate is the actual rate the taxing unit used to determine property taxes last year. This year's *effective* tax rate would impose the same total taxes as last year if you compare properties taxed in both years. This year's *rollback* tax rate is the highest tax rate the taxing unit can set before taxpayers can start tax rollback procedures. In each case these rates are found by dividing the total amount of taxes by the tax base (the total value of taxable property) with adjustments as required by state law. The rates are given per \$100 of property value.

	County General Fund	
Last year's tax rate:		
Last year's operating taxes	\$6,261,106	
Last year's debt taxes	\$530,312	
Last year's total taxes	\$6,791,418	
Last year's tax base	\$1,449,868,520	
Last year's total tax rate	0.397000/\$100	
This year's effective tax rate:		
Last year's adjusted taxes		
(after subtracting taxes on lost property)	\$5,761,869	
÷ This year's adjusted tax base (after subtracting value of new property)	\$1,513,828,792	
= This year's effective tax rate for each		
fund	0.380600/\$100	
Total effective tax rate	0.380600/\$100	
This year's rollback tax rate:		
Last year's adjusted operating taxes (after subtracting taxes on lost property and adjusting for any transferred function, tax increment financing, state criminal justice mandate and/or enhanced indigent health care		
expenditures)	\$6,220,479	
÷ This year's adjusted tax base	\$1,513,828,792	
= This year's effective operating rate	0.410900/\$100	
$\times \frac{1.08 = \text{this year's maximum operating}}{\text{rate}}$	0.441900/\$100	
+ This year's debt rate	0.061900/\$100	
= This year's rollback rate for each fund	0.503800/\$100	
This year's total rollback rate	0.503800/\$100	
A county that collects the additional sales tax to reduce property taxes, including must insert the following lines:	one that collects the tax for the first time this ye	ar,
- Sales tax adjustment rate	0.058900/\$100	
= Rollback tax rate	0.444900/\$100	
	31700/φ100	

Statement of Increase/Decrease

If BLANCO COUNTY adopts a 2020 tax rate equal to the effective tax rate of 0.380600 per \$100 of value, taxes would increase compared to 2019 taxes by \$242,499.

Schedule A: Unencumbered Fund Balances: County General Fund

The following estimated balances will be left in the unit's property tax accounts at the end of the fiscal year. These balances are not encumbered by a corresponding debt obligation.

Type of Property Tax FundGeneral
Balance
4,724,134

Schedule B: 2020 Debt Service: County General Fund

The unit plans to pay the following amounts for long-term debts that are secured by property taxes. These amounts will be paid from property tax revenues (or additional sales tax revenues, if applicable).

Description of Debt	Principal or Contract Payment to be Paid from Property Taxes	Interest to be Paid from Property Taxes	Other Amounts to be Paid	Total Payment
12 Series	114,500	14,500	0	129,000
12 Series Refunding	350,000	113,650	0	463,650
2017 Tax Note	140,000	8,526	0	148,526
Gov Cap	224,143	7,605	0	231,748
Other	0	0	1,000	1,000
Total required for 2020 debt service - Amount (if any) paid from funds listed in School - Amount (if any) paid from other resources - Excess collections last year = Total to be paid from taxes in 2020 + Amount added in anticipation that the unit wil		00% of its taxes in 20)20	\$975,478 \$0 \$0 \$0 \$975,478 \$9,837
= Total Debt Levy				\$983,761

Schedule C - Expected Revenue from Additional Sales Tax

(For hospital districts, cities and counties with additional sales tax to reduce property taxes)

In calculating its effective and rollback tax rates, the unit estimated that it will receive \$935,111 in additional sales and use tax revenues. For County: The county has excluded any amount that is or will be distributed for economic development grants from this amount of expected sales tax revenue.

Schedule D - State Criminal Justice Mandate (For Counties)

The Blanco CAD County Auditor certifies that Blanco CAD County has spent \$ 9,135 in the previous 12 months beginning 07/01/2019, for the maintenance and operations cost of keeping inmates sentenced to the Texas Department of Criminal Justice. Blanco CAD County Sheriff has provided information on these costs, minus the state revenues received for reimbursement of such costs.

Schedule F - Enhanced Indigent Health Care Expenditures

The BLANCO COUNTY spent \$ 74,995 from July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020 on enhanced indigent health care at the increased minimum eligibility standards, less the amount of state assistance. For the current tax year, the amount of increase above last year's enhanced indigent health care expenditures is 10,203.

This notice contains a summary of actual effective and rollback tax rates' calculations. You can inspect a copy of the full calculations at . Name of person preparing this notice:

Title:

Date prepared: